

Modais no passado

Deveria ter, poderia ter, deve ter: arrependimentos, críticas e deduções.

O que tem neste módulo

TEMA 53

Should, could, would have

Arrependimentos, críticas e possibilidades perdidas.

TEMA 54

Dedução no passado

Deduzir o que aconteceu a partir de pistas.

TEMA 55

Dedução no presente e necessidade

Deduzir sobre o agora e falar do que não precisava.

Como estudar

1 · Leia o mapa

Comece pelo centro e siga os ramos na ordem dos números.

2 · Leia em voz alta

Fale todos os exemplos. Falar ajuda muito a memorizar.

3 · Faça as atividades

Faça sem olhar o mapa e consulte só quando travar.

4 · Corrija e revise

Use o gabarito no final. Refaça o que errou 2 dias depois.

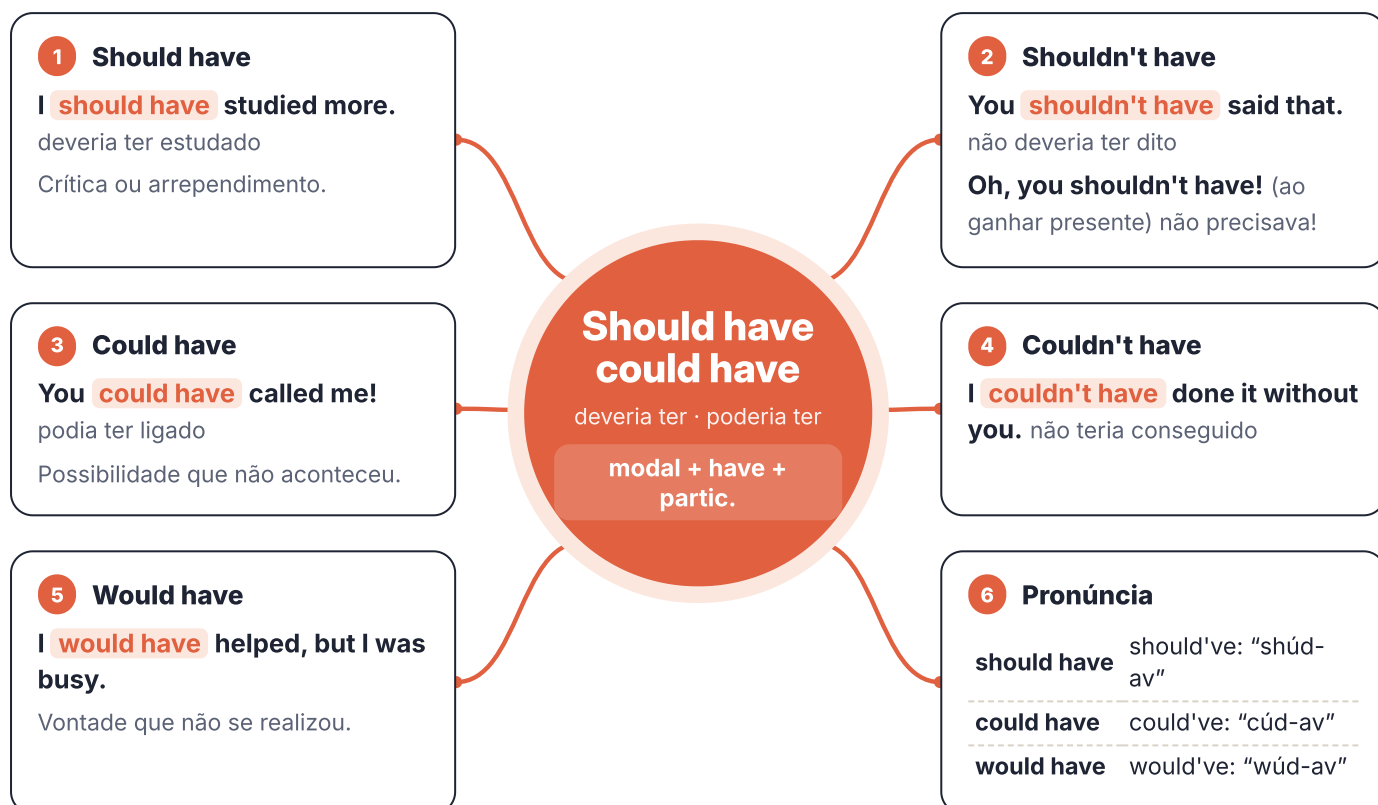
Plano sugerido · 15 a 20 min por dia

DIA	O QUE FAZER
☐ Dia 1	Tema 53: estudar o mapa em voz alta + atividades A a C
☐ Dia 2	Tema 53: atividades D a F, depois corrigir pelo gabarito
☐ Dia 3	Tema 54: estudar o mapa em voz alta + atividades A a C
☐ Dia 4	Tema 54: atividades D a F, depois corrigir pelo gabarito
☐ Dia 5	Tema 55: estudar o mapa em voz alta + atividades A a C
☐ Dia 6	Tema 55: atividades D a F, depois corrigir pelo gabarito
☐ Dia 7	Revisão do módulo + refazer o que errou

Should, could, would have

deveria ter · poderia ter · teria

B2



ERROS COMUNS DE BRASILEIROS

~~I should studied.~~	→ I should have studied.
~~You could call me! (ontem)~~	→ You could have called me!
~~I should of gone.~~	→ I should have gone.
~~I must have studied more. (arrependimento)~~	→ I should have studied more.
~~You shouldn't have to say that.~~	→ You shouldn't have said that.

PORTUGUÊS × INGLÊS

Deveria ter vindo.	should have come
Poderia ter vindo.	could have come
Teria vindo.	would have come

"ter + particípio" = **have + particípio.**

Pratique should/could/would have

Faça sem olhar o mapa. O gabarito está no final.

B2

A should have ou shouldn't have?

1. I'm so tired. I _____ gone to bed earlier.
2. You _____ eaten so much cake.
3. We _____ bought the tickets online.
4. He _____ driven so fast. He got a ticket.

B could have ou would have?

1. Why didn't you ask? I _____ helped you. (teria)
2. Be careful! You _____ been hurt! (poderia)
3. I _____ come, but nobody told me. (teria)
4. She _____ won, but she fell. (poderia)

C Critique

Use should(n't) have.

1. Ele perdeu o voo porque acordou tarde.
.....
2. Ela gastou todo o dinheiro.
.....
3. Não levei guarda-chuva e choveu.
.....
4. Eles não reservaram o hotel.
.....

Pratique should/could/would have

Continuação

B2

D Corrija o erro

1. I should studied for the test.

.....

3. I would of called you.

.....

2. You could tell me! (ontem)

.....

4. She shouldn't have went.

.....

E Reaja

Responda com should've, could've ou would've.

1. I forgot my mom's birthday.

.....

3. I walked home alone at 3 am.

.....

2. I didn't apply for the job.

.....

4. They didn't invite me to the party.

.....

F Traduza

1. Eu deveria ter te ouvido.

.....

3. Eu teria ido, mas estava doente.

.....

2. Você podia ter me avisado.

.....

4. Não precisava! (ao ganhar presente)

.....

Dedução no passado

deve ter · pode ter · não pode ter

B2



Pratique a dedução no passado

Faça sem olhar o mapa. O gabarito está no final.

B2

A must, might ou can't have?

1. The lights are off. They _____ gone out.
2. I'm not sure where Ana is. She _____ gone to the gym.
3. He _____ stolen it. He was in Paris that day!
4. You look happy! You _____ received good news.
5. I can't find my keys. I _____ left them at home.
6. She _____ seen us. She didn't wave.

B Deduza

Explique a situação.

1. O chão está molhado.
.....
2. Ele está com o braço engessado.
.....
3. Ela não respondeu minha mensagem.
.....
4. Tem um bolo na mesa e ninguém em casa.
.....

C must have ou had to?

1. I _____ work late yesterday. My boss asked.
2. He looks tired. He _____ worked late.
3. We _____ wait two hours at the doctor's.
4. You _____ been scared!

Pratique a dedução no passado

Continuação

B2

D Corrija o erro

1. She must went home.

2. He can't has seen it.

3. I must have worked on Sunday. (obrigação)

4. They mustn't have heard us. (dedução)

E Quem foi?

must, can't ou might.

A: The window is broken! Who did it?

B: It _____ have been the kids. They were playing football.

A: It _____ have been them. They're at school today!

B: Hmm... then it _____ have been the wind. It was very strong.

A: Maybe. Or someone _____ have thrown a stone.

F Traduza

1. Ela deve ter esquecido.

2. Ele não pode ter dito isso.

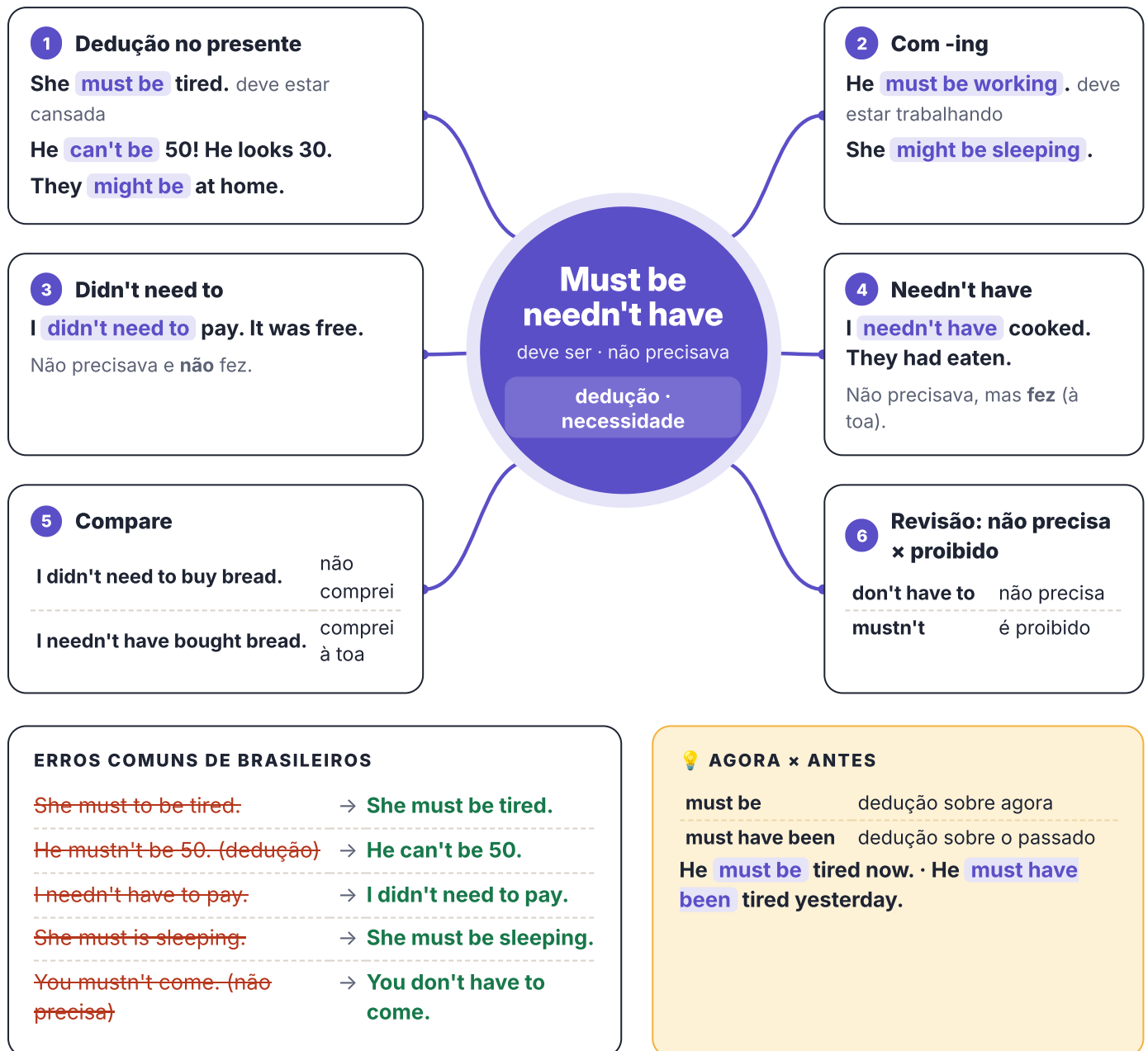
3. Eles podem ter se perdido.

4. Deve ter sido difícil.

Dedução no presente e necessidade

must be, can't be, needn't have

B2



Pratique dedução e necessidade

Faça sem olhar o mapa. O gabarito está no final.

B2

A must, might ou can't be?

1. She's been working 12 hours. She _____ tired.
2. That _____ Ana. She's in Japan!
3. I'm not sure. It _____ in the drawer.
4. It's 8 pm and the phone is ringing. It _____ my mom.
5. He _____ hungry. He just had lunch.
6. It's sunny. They _____ at the beach.

B must/might be + -ing

1. The lights are on. They _____ (watch) TV.
2. She's not answering. She _____ (drive).
3. Listen! The neighbors _____ (have) a party.
4. He's not here. He _____ (have) lunch.

C didn't need to ou needn't have?

1. I _____ taken an umbrella. It didn't rain. (levei)
.....
2. She _____ wait. The bus came right away. (não esperou)
.....
3. We _____ cooked so much. Only 3 people came. (cozinhamos)
.....
4. I _____ take the bus. My dad drove me. (não peguei)
.....

Pratique dedução e necessidade

Continuação

B2

D Corrija o erro

1. He must to be at home.

.....

3. They must are sleeping.

.....

2. She mustn't be 18. (dedução)

.....

4. I needn't to pay. (não paguei)

.....

E Deduza (agora)

1. Ela está bocejando.

.....

3. O cachorro está latindo para a porta.

.....

2. Ele está suando muito.

.....

4. Ninguém atende o telefone.

.....

F Traduza

1. Ele deve estar dormindo.

.....

3. Não precisei pagar.

.....

2. Isso não pode ser verdade.

.....

4. Não precisava ter trazido nada!

.....

Detetive por um dia

Todos os modais de dedução e arrependimento

B2

A Investigue

Responda com o modal indicado.

Você chega em casa. A porta está aberta, a TV está ligada, há duas xícaras de café quentes na mesa e o gato sumiu. Nada foi roubado.

1. Alguém esteve aqui? (must)

2. Foi um ladrão? (can't)

3. Onde está o gato? (might)

4. O que você deveria ter feito? (should)

B Traduza

1. Você deveria ter me ligado.

2. Ela deve ter perdido o ônibus.

3. Ele não pode estar em casa.

4. Eu teria ajudado, se soubesse.

5. Não precisei esperar.

C Um mistério

Conte algo estranho que aconteceu e faça deduções.

Modelo: Last week my car keys disappeared. I must have left them somewhere. My son might have taken them. I should have put them in the drawer!

Respostas

Corrija com outra cor e refaça os erros daqui a 2 dias.

Tema 53 · Should, could, would have

A · should have ou shouldn't have?

1. should have
2. shouldn't have
3. should have
4. shouldn't have

B · could have ou would have?

1. would have
2. could have
3. would have
4. could have

C · Critique

1. He should have woken up earlier.
2. She shouldn't have spent all her money.
3. I should have taken an umbrella.
4. They should have booked the hotel.

D · Corrija o erro

1. I should have studied for the test.
2. You could have told me!
3. I would have called you.
4. She shouldn't have gone.

E · Reaja

1. You should have called her!
2. You should have applied!
3. You could have been robbed!
4. I would have invited you!

Sugestões.

F · Traduza

1. I should have listened to you.
2. You could have told me.
3. I would have gone, but I was sick.
4. Oh, you shouldn't have!

Tema 54 · Dedução no passado

A · must, might ou can't have?

1. must have
2. might have
3. can't have
4. must have
5. might have
6. can't have (might not have)

B · Deduza

1. It must have rained.
2. He must have broken his arm.
3. She might not have seen it.
4. Someone must have made it.

Sugestões.

C · must have ou had to?

1. had to
2. must have
3. had to
4. must have

D · Corrija o erro

1. She must have gone home.
2. He can't have seen it.
3. I had to work on Sunday.
4. They can't have heard us.

E · Quem foi?

must · can't · might (could) · might (could, may)

F · Traduza

1. She must have forgotten.
2. He can't have said that.
3. They might have got lost.
4. It must have been hard.

Respostas

Continuação

Tema 55 · Dedução no presente e necessidade

A · must, might ou can't be?

1. must be
2. can't be
3. might be
4. must be
5. can't be
6. might be

B · must/might be + -ing

1. must be watching
2. might be driving
3. must be having
4. might be having

C · didn't need to ou needn't have?

1. needn't have
2. didn't need to
3. needn't have
4. didn't need to

D · Corrija o erro

1. He must be at home.
2. She can't be 18.
3. They must be sleeping.
4. I didn't need to pay.

E · Deduza (agora)

1. She must be tired.
2. He must be hot.
3. Someone must be at the door.
4. They might be out.

Sugestões.

F · Traduza

1. He must be sleeping.
2. That can't be true.
3. I didn't need to pay.
4. You needn't have brought anything!

Revisão · Detetive por um dia

A · Investigue

1. Someone must have been here.
2. It can't have been a thief. Nothing is missing.
3. The cat might have run outside.
4. I should have locked the door.

B · Traduza

1. You should have called me.
2. She must have missed the bus.
3. He can't be at home.
4. I would have helped if I had known.
5. I didn't need to wait.

C · Um mistério

Resposta pessoal.